

1 THE HONORABLE RICARDO S. MARTINEZ
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7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
8 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
9 AT SEATTLE

10 JAMES JAKOBSEN and RIKA
11 MANABE, and their marital
12 community,

13 Plaintiffs,

14 v.
15 ANNETTE BURROUS, an individual;
16 WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A., a
17 federally charted banking association;
18 and ANY AND ALL PERSONS AND
19 ENTITIES CLAIMING BY OR
20 THROUGH THE DEFENDANTS,

21 Defendant.

22 ANNETTE BURROUS,
23 Cross-Claimant,
24 v.
25 WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A.,
26 Cross-Defendant.

CASE NO. 2:19-CV-01254-RSM

**MODEL
PROTECTIVE ORDER**

1 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

2 Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or
3 private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the Court enters
4 the following Model Protective Order (“Order”). The Order is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does
5 not confer blanket protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords
6 from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to
7 confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle
8 parties to file confidential information under seal.

9 2. “CONFIDENTIAL” MATERIAL

10 “Confidential” material shall include the following documents and tangible things
11 produced or otherwise exchanged: All financial information of any party including, without
12 limitation, loan records, loan modification records, and escrow records.

13 3. SCOPE

14 The protections conferred by this Order cover not only confidential material (as defined
15 above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material; (2) all copies,
16 excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony,
17 conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.

18 However, the protections conferred by this Order do not cover information that is in the
19 public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

20 4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

21 4.1 Basic Principles. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed
22 or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
23 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to the
24 categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. Confidential material must
25 be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that
26 access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

1 4.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered
2 by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any
3 confidential material only to:

4 (a) the receiving party’s counsel of record in this action, as well as employees
5 of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

6 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the
7 receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties
8 agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney’s Eyes Only and is so
9 designated;

10 (c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this
11 litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

12 (d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

13 (e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of
14 confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service
15 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately
16 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

17 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
18 reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”
19 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of
20 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must
21 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
22 under this Order;

23 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
24 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

25 4.3 Filing Confidential Material. Before filing confidential material or discussing or
26 referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party,

1 in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to determine whether the designating party will
2 remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion
3 to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. During the meet and confer process, the
4 designating party must identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential information at issue,
5 and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with any objection to sealing
6 the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and
7 the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material
8 under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its information must satisfy the
9 requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the party filing the motion to seal.
10 Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal being denied, in accordance with
11 the strong presumption of public access to the Court's files.

12 5. **DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

13 5.1 **Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.** Each party
14 or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to
15 limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The
16 designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or
17 oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the material, documents,
18 items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within
19 the ambit of this Order.

20 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
21 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
22 unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses
23 and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

24 If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for
25 protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties
26 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

1 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
2 (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
3 disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so
4 designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

5 (a) Information in documentary form: (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and
6 deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings),
7 the designating party must affix the word “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains
8 confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,
9 the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by making appropriate
10 markings in the margins).

11 (b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: the parties
12 and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other pretrial
13 proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony
14 after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days after receiving the
15 transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the transcript, or
16 exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect confidential information
17 at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

18 (c) Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent place
19 on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word
20 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,
21 the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

22 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
23 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party’s
24 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
25 designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated
26 in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

1 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

2 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of
3 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality
4 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
5 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to
6 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
7 original designation is disclosed.

8 6.2 Meet and Confer. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute
9 regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding confidential
10 designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration
11 or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other
12 affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list
13 the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-
14 to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

15 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
16 intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local
17 Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of
18 persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those
19 made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on
20 other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to maintain
21 the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

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1 7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
2 LITIGATION

3 If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
4 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that party
5 must:

6 (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the
7 subpoena or court order;

8 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
9 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
10 subject to this Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Order; and

11 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by
12 the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

13 8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

14 If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential
15 material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Order, the receiving party
16 must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b)
17 use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the
18 person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and
19 (d) request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
20 Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

21 9. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
22 MATERIAL

23 When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently
24 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the
25 receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision
26 is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or

1 agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The Court enters a non-
2 waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.

3 **10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS**

4 Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving
5 party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and
6 summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction.

7 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all
8 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,
9 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work
10 product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

11 The confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a
12 designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

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15 **IT IS SO ORDERED**

16 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any
17 documents in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or
18 state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those
19 documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other
20 privilege or protection recognized by law.

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22 DATED: April 16, 2020

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26 RICARDO S. MARTINEZ
CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

3 I, _____ [print or type full name], of
4 _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of
5 perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
6 issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on [date] in the
7 case of _____ **[insert formal name of the case and the number and initials**
8 **assigned to it by the court]**. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this
9 Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could
10 expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will
11 not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective
12 Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

13 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
14 Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
15 Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

16 Date: _____

17 || City and State where sworn and signed: _____

18 Printed name: _____

19 || Signature: _____